



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VI	Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE	
Worksheet No: 17	Topic: Our Country India (Geography)	Year:2021-22

I	Fill in the blanks: -
1	_____ is the smallest state in India in terms of area. Goa.
2	The Middle Himalaya is otherwise called as _____. Himachal.
3	The Himalayan mountains are divided into _____ main parallel ranges. Three.
4	Lakshadweep islands are located in the _____. Arabian Sea.
5	The western coastal plains are very _____. Narrow.
II	State True or False: -
6	The Eastern coastal plains are much broader. True.
7	Canada has five time zones. False.
8	High concentration of population is found in plateaus. False.
9	Lakshadweep islands are coral islands. True.
10	India is the second-most populous country of the world after China. True.
11	The Great Indian Desert lies to the western part of India. True.
III	Write the answers in one or two sentences: -
12	What is the north-south extent of India? The north-south extent from Kashmir to Kanyakumari is about 3,200 km.
13	What is the difference between the time of sunrise in Arunachal Pradesh and Gujarat? The difference between the time of sunrise in Arunachal Pradesh and Gujarat is two hours.
14	Where is the world's highest peaks located? The world's highest peaks are located in the Great Himalayas or Himadri.
15	What is a 'Peninsula'? A peninsula is a piece of land surrounded by water on all the three sides,
16	Name the two important hill ranges that lies in the peninsula plateau. The Vindhyas and the Satpuras.
17	What are called polyps? Polyps are very small marine animals.
18	Name the rivers which flows into the Bay of Bengal.

	Mahanadi, Godavari, Krishna and Kaveri.
19	Define the term 'Desert'. A desert is a dry, hot and sandy stretch of land with very little vegetation.
IV	Answer the following questions in brief: -
20	Write a short note on the coastal plains of India. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The coastal plains lie to the West of the Western Ghats and the East of the Eastern Ghats. • The Western coastal plains are narrow while the eastern coastal plains are much broader. • There are several fast-flowing rivers such as Mahanadi, Godavari, Krishna and Kaveri. • These rivers have formed fertile deltas at their mouth.
21	How coral islands are formed? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Corals are skeletons of very small marine animals called polyps. • When the living polyps die, their skeletons are left. • Other polyps grow on top of the hard skeleton which grows higher and higher, thus forming the coral islands.
22	What do you know about the boundaries of India? Explain in brief. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our country has a vast geographical expanse. • In the north, it is bound by the lofty Himalayas. • In the west, lies the Arabian Sea, in the east it is bound by the Bay of Bengal and in the south lies the Indian' Ocean.
23	What is the difference between the Western coastal plains and the Eastern coastal plains? The Western coastal plains are very narrow while the eastern coastal plains are much broader.